



Molecular Mobility in Polyelectrolyte Multi-Layers and Heterogeneous Polymers

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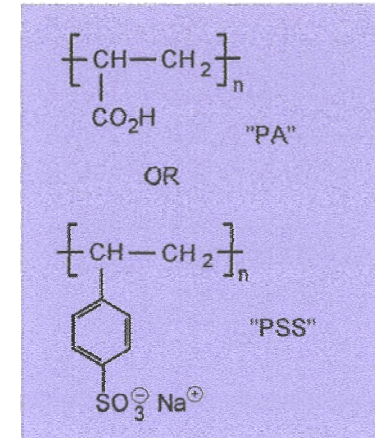
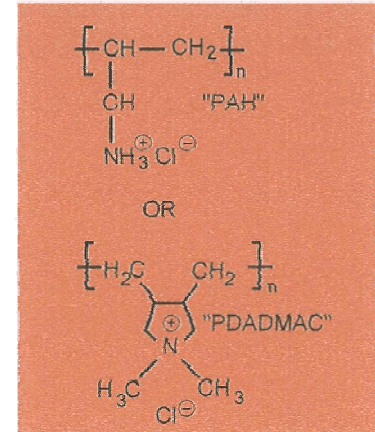
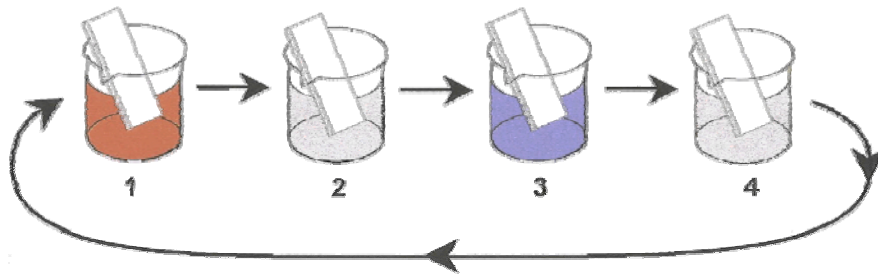
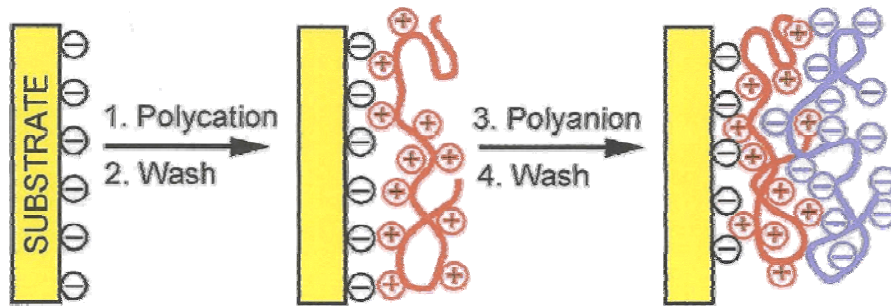


I. Polyelectrolyte multi-layers

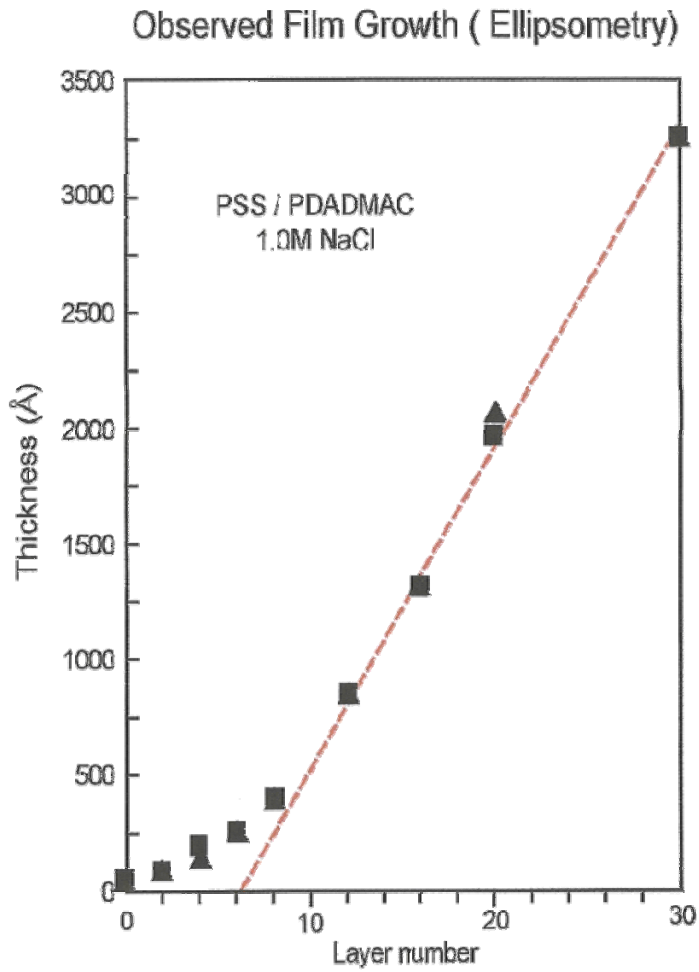
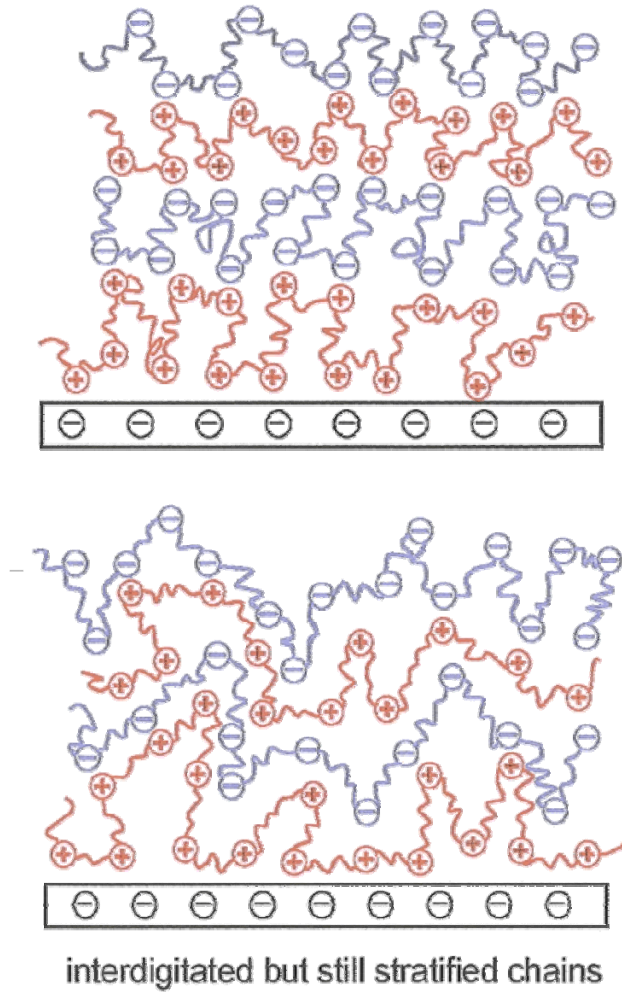
- ***Introduction***
- ***Local structure of layered systems***
- ***Polymer mobility in PEMs***
- ***Water mobility in PEMs***
- ***PEM Summary***

II. Heterogeneous Polymers

- ***Poly-phenylenes with PEO sidechains***
- ***Information from separate local field experiments***
- ***Recoupled polarization transfer experiments***
- ***Order-parameters from ^1H double quantum NMR***
- ***Conclusions***



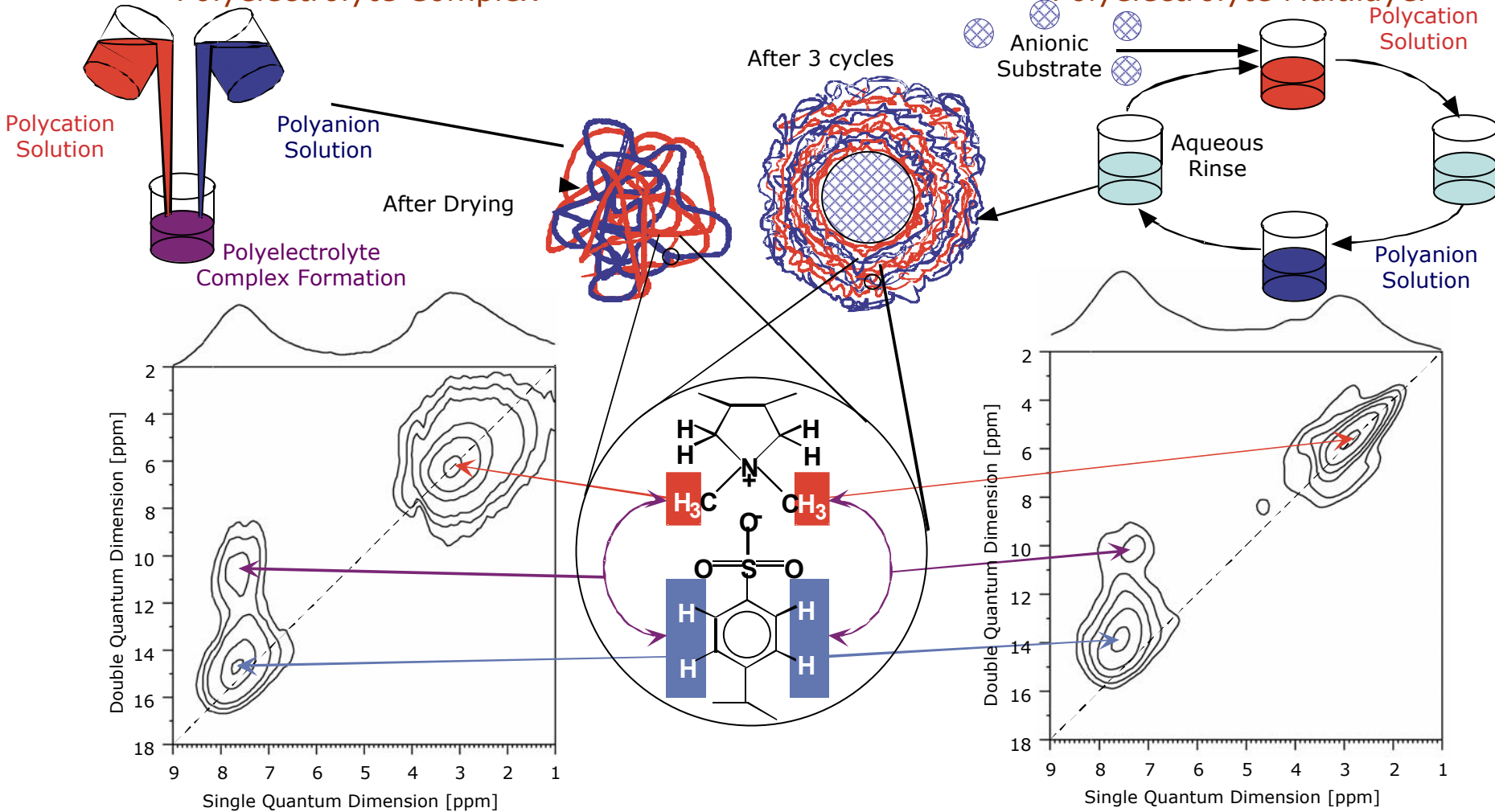
Structure of Polyelectrolyte Layers

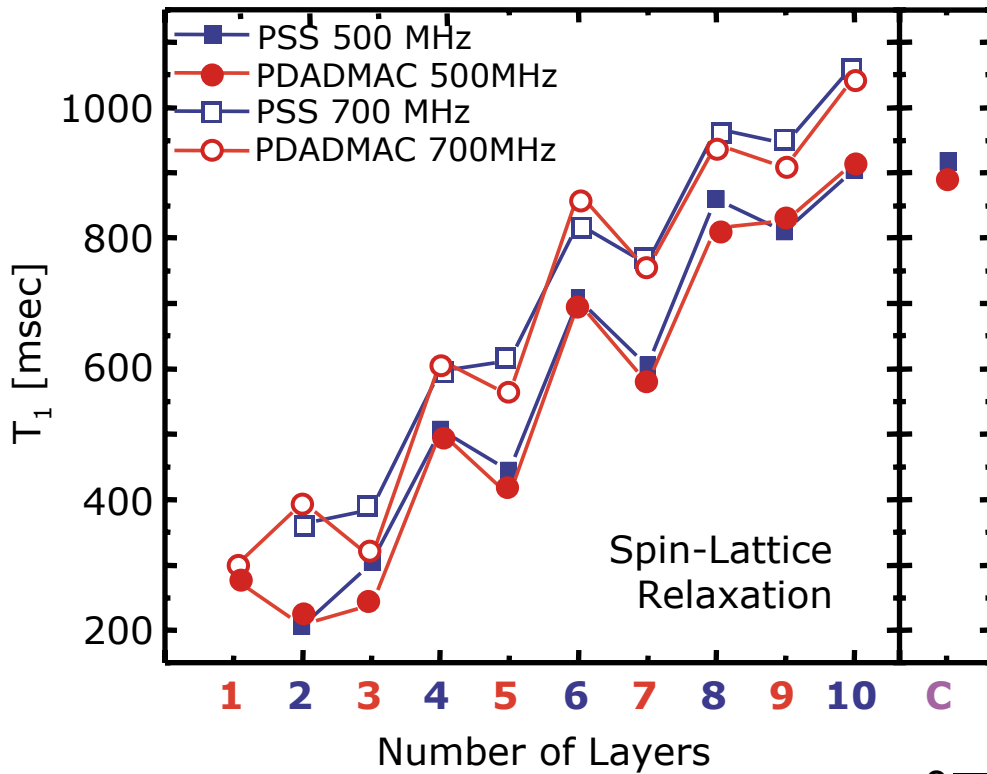




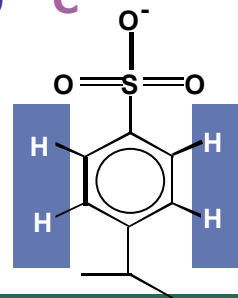
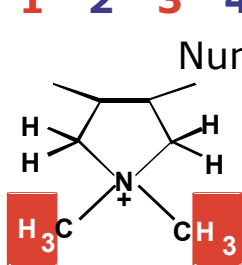
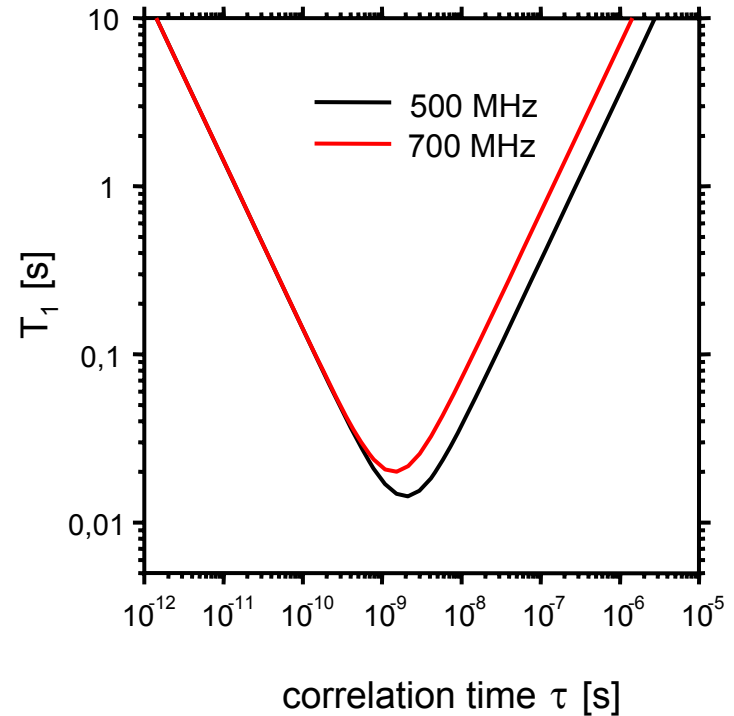
Polyelectrolyte Complex

Polyelectrolyte Multilayer

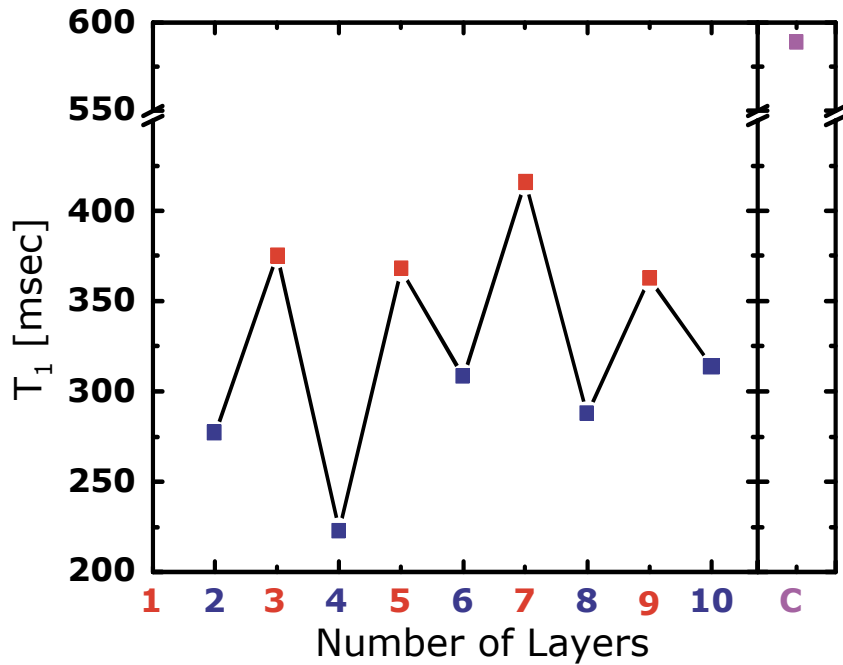




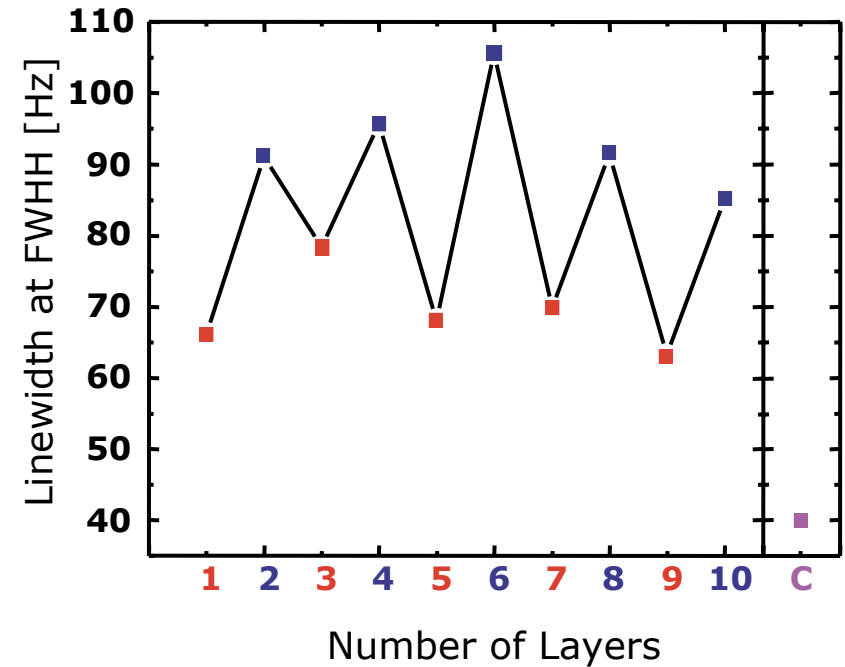
theoretical T₁ relaxation behavior:

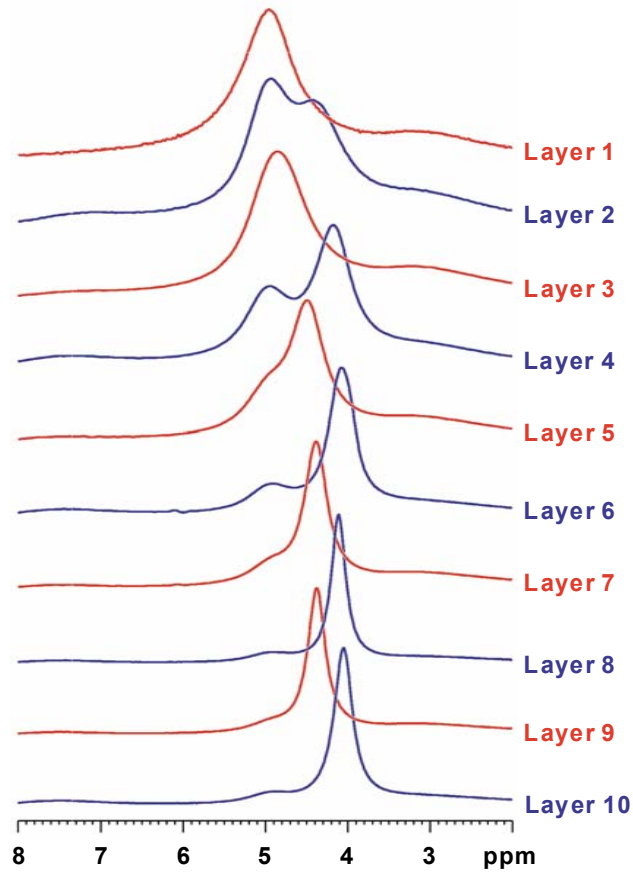


Spin-Lattice Relaxation

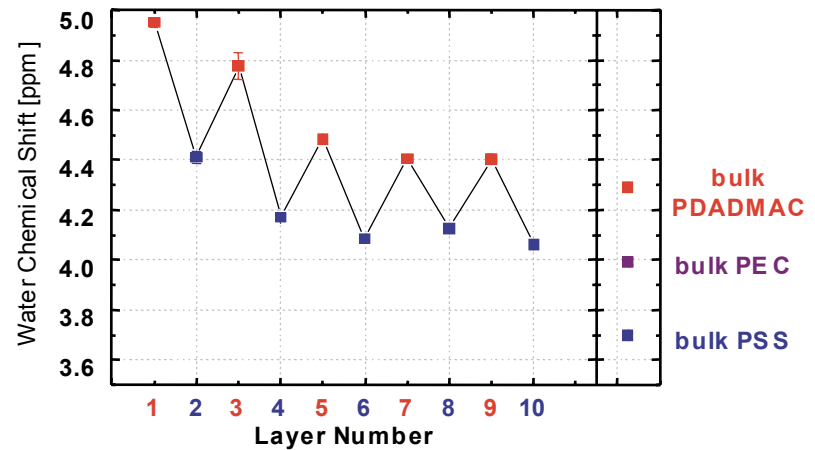
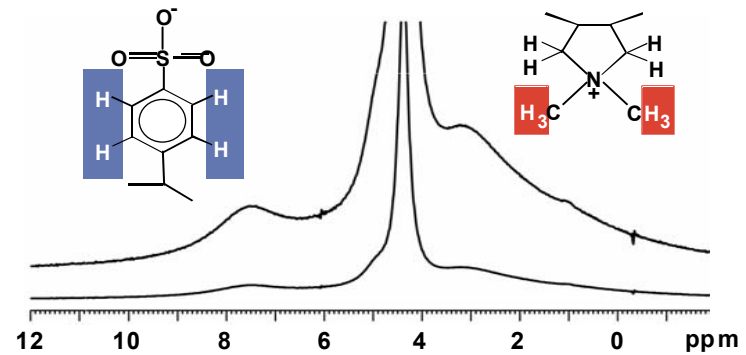


Linewidth (apparent T_2)





^1H MAS NMR Spectra



^1H Chemical Shift

I. Complexation:

- (i) Polycation-polyanion complexation of polyelectrolyte multi-layers (PEM) is similar to that in the bulk polyelectrolyte complex (PEC).
- (ii) Water-polymer association in PEMs is much stronger than in PEC.

II. Polymer Dynamics:

- (i) Addition of water increases the polymer mobility in PEMs but not in the PEC.
- (ii) Enhanced polymer mobility is observed for hydrated PDADMAC-capped films relative to PSS capped films.
- (iii) This oscillation in the polymer mobility dampens and is superimposed on a gradient of decreasing mobility with film thickness. No changes with layer number are observed for dry films.

II. Adsorbed Water:

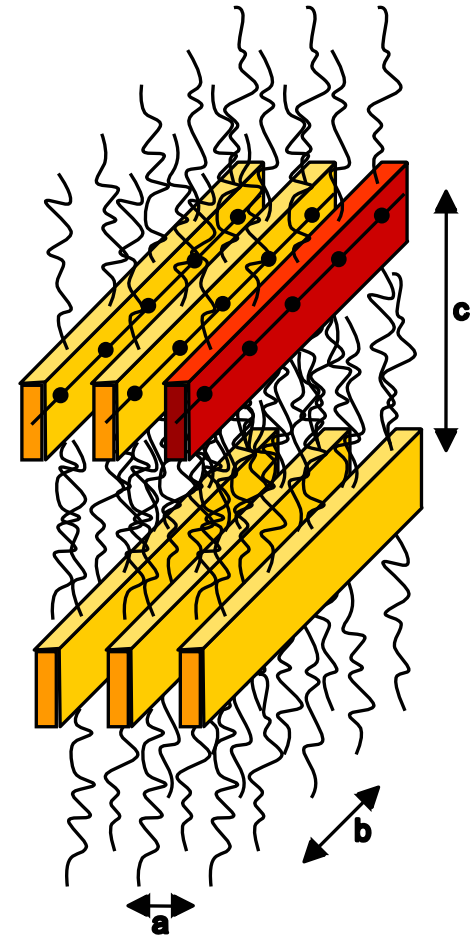
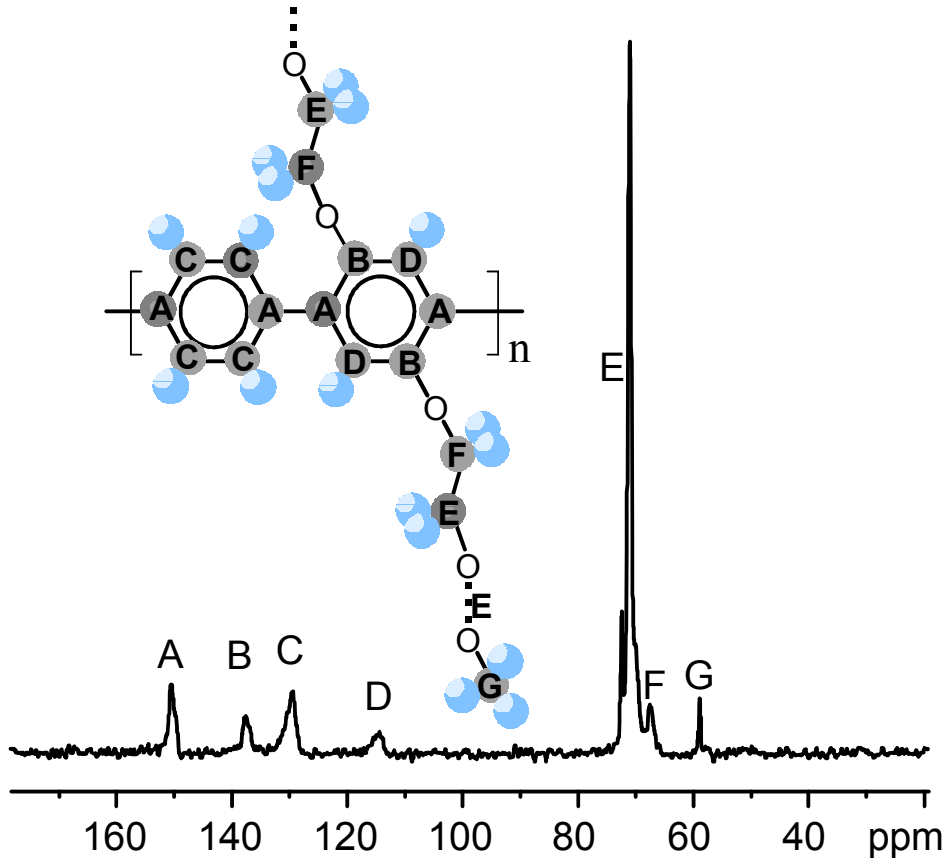
- (i) Mobility of adsorbed water is more restricted in PEMs than in the PEC.
- (ii) Water mobility is lower and water content is higher in PSS capped films as compared to PDADMAC capped PEMs.
- (iii) ^1H NMR peak intensity increases monotonically and its chemical shift oscillates between the PEC bulk and the bulk PDADMAC value.

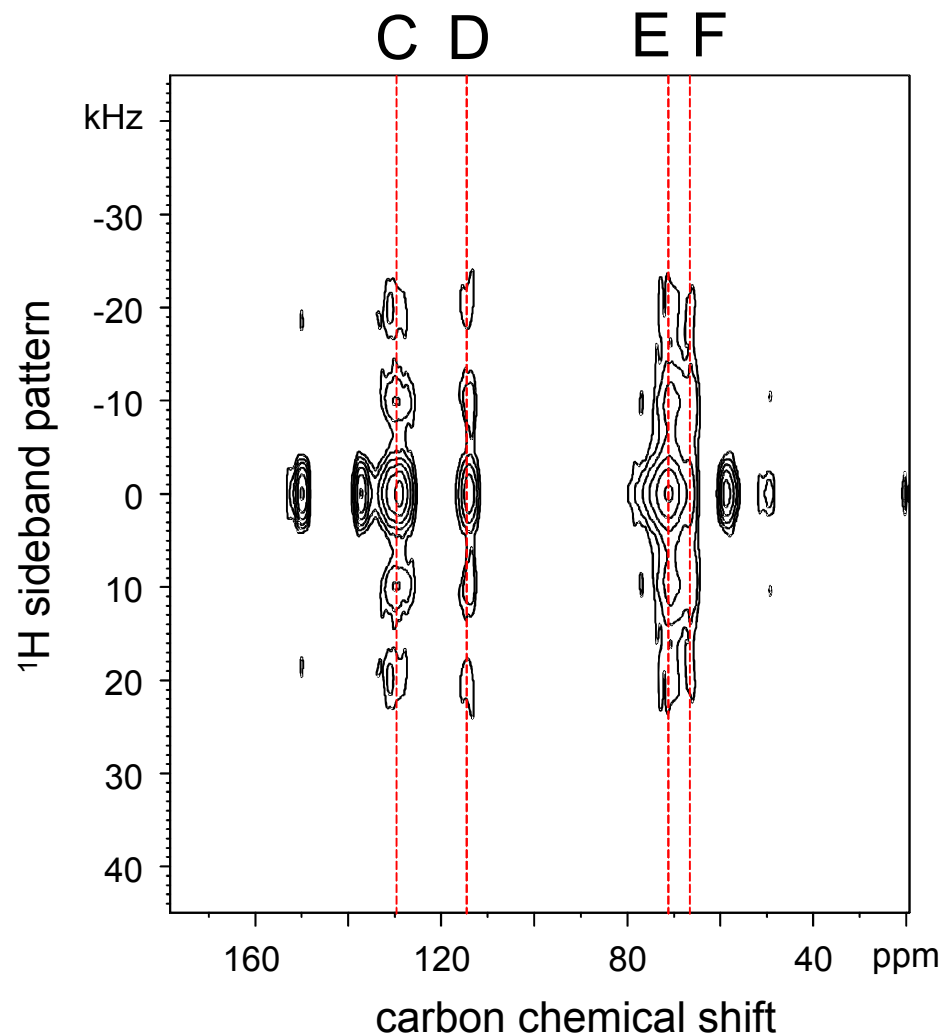
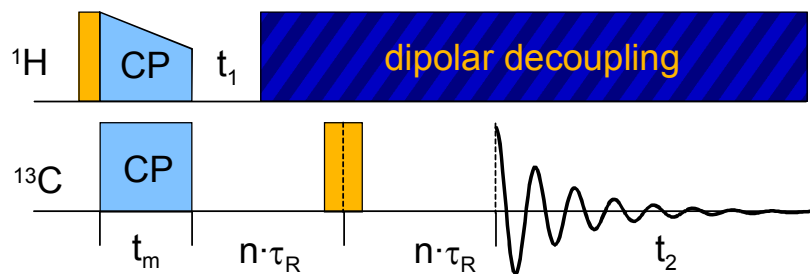
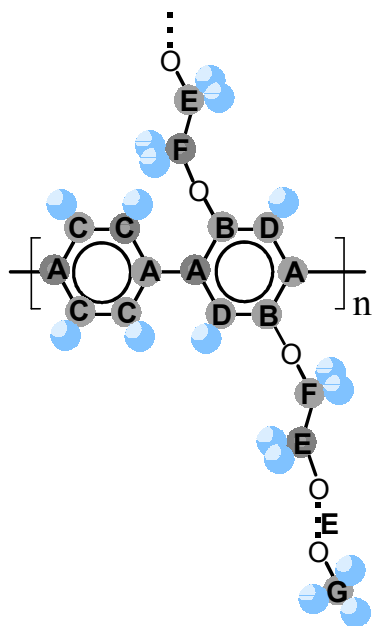
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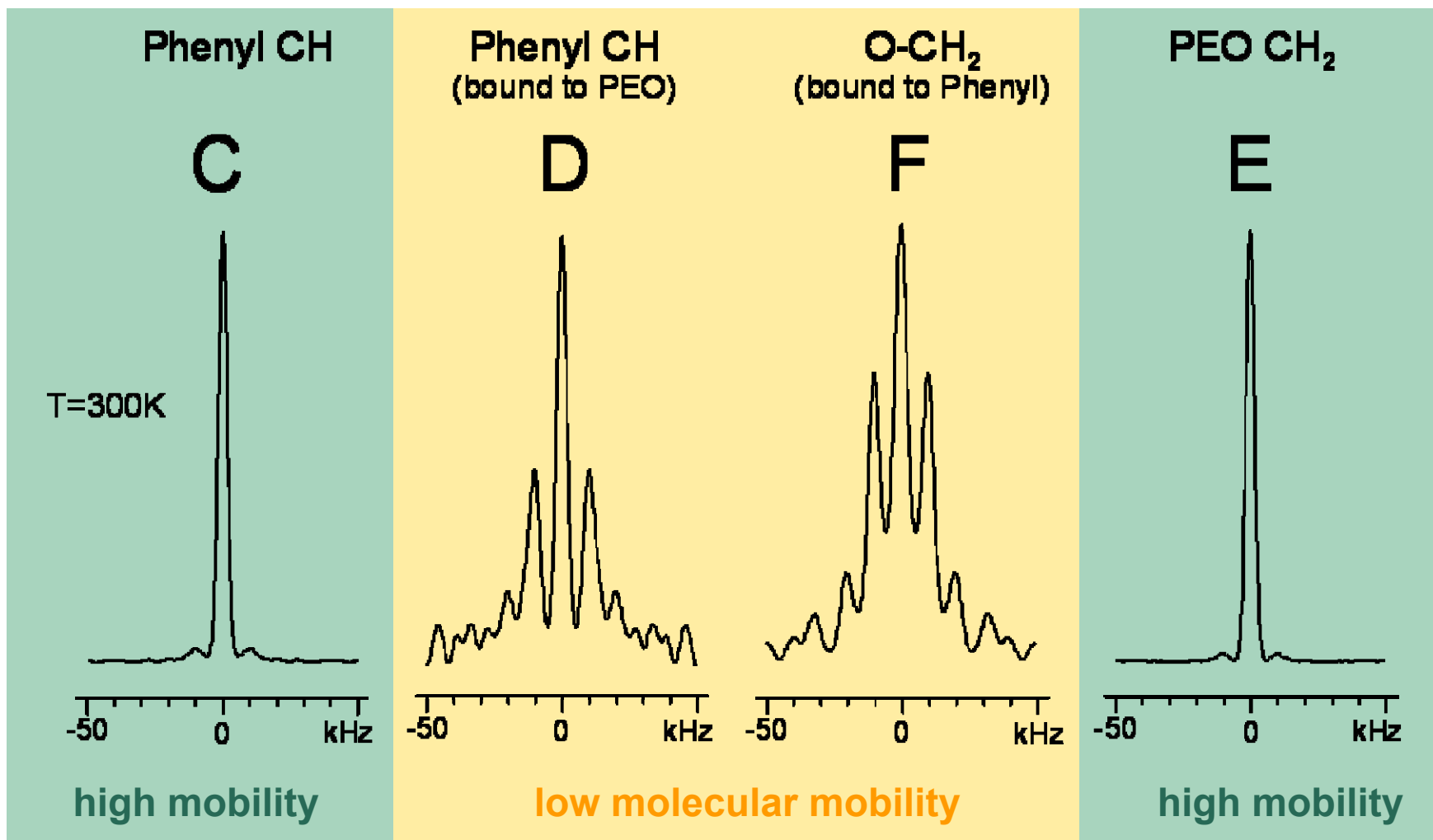
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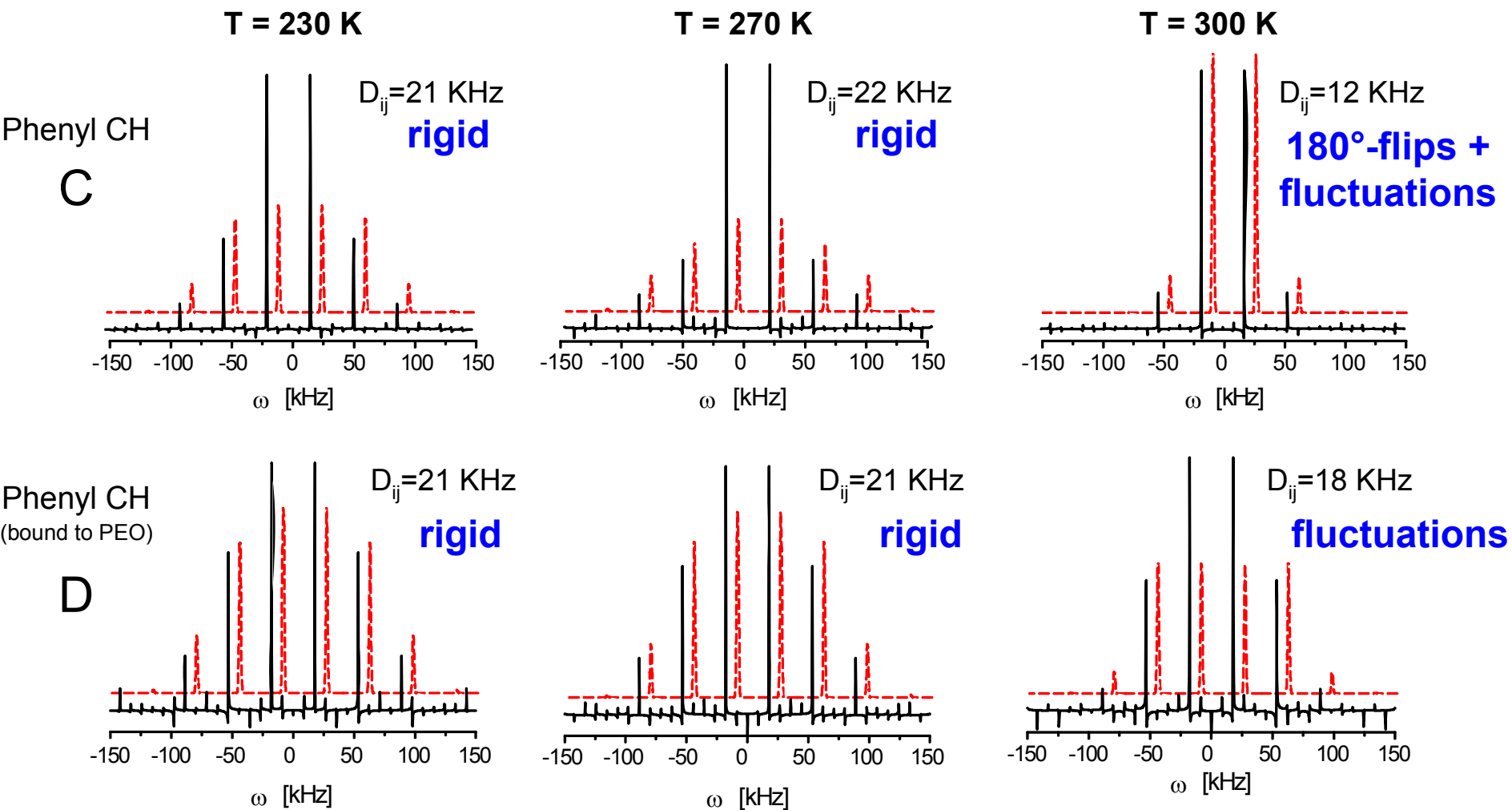
II. Heterogeneous Polymers

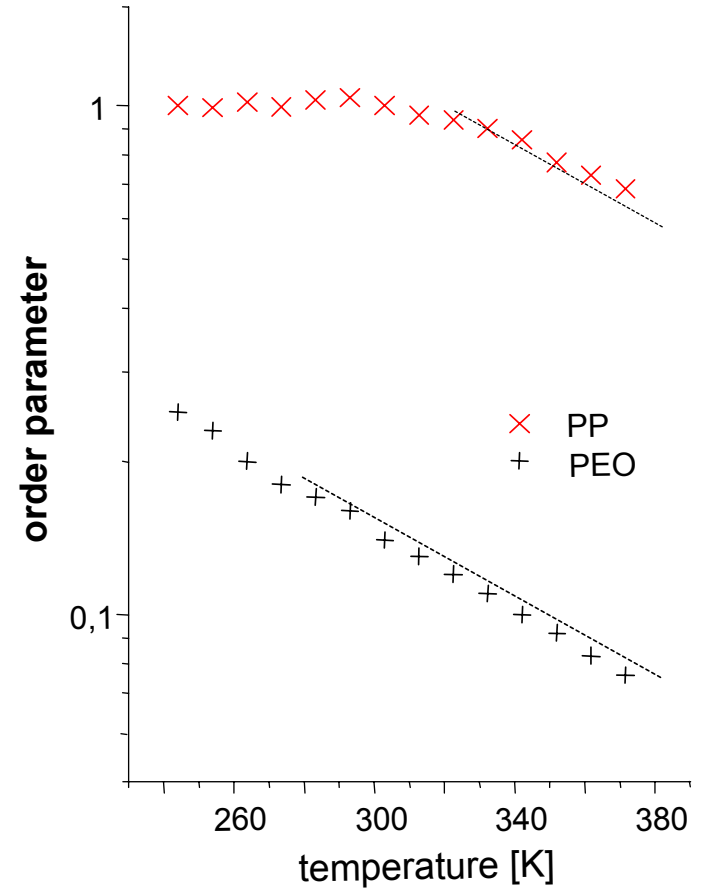
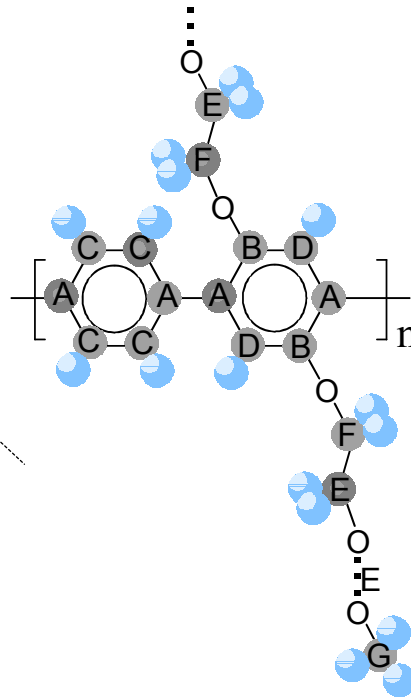
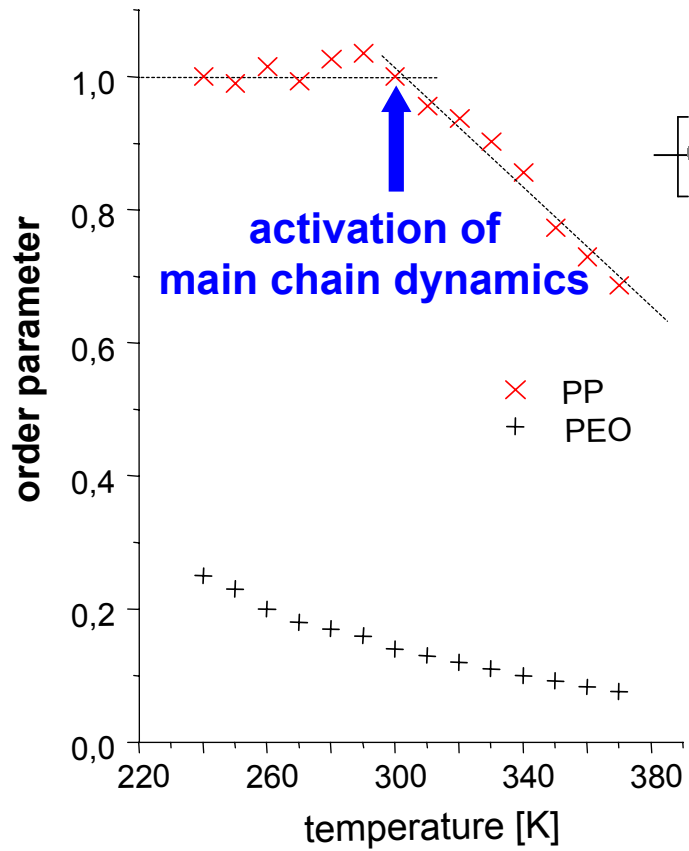
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- *Recoupled polarization transfer experiments*
- *Order-parameters from ^1H double quantum NMR*
- *PP-PEO Summary*











I. Qualitative information about dynamics via separate local field experiments :

- (i) At room temperature, the Poly-(Ethylene oxide) (PEO) chains and unsubstituted phenyl rings of the polymer backbone are highly mobile.
- (ii) The first CH₂ group of the PEO side chains bound to phenyl rings of the Poly-Phenylene (PP) backbone and these phenyl rings are less mobile.

II. Identification of dynamic processes via recoupled polarization transfer NMR experiments :

- (i) For temperatures below 300K, the PP backbone is rigid.
- (ii) For $T > 290\text{K}$ substituted phenyl groups, bound to PEO side chains, show substantial fluctuations.
- (iii) Unsubstituted phenyl groups undergo additional phenyl flips around the chain axis.

II. Bending dynamics of the poly-phenylene main chain via ¹H double quantum NMR:

- (i) For $T > 300\text{ K}$ bending fluctuations of the PP backbone are observed.
- (ii) The loss of dynamic anisotropy with increasing temperature is more pronounced for the PEO side chains than for the PP backbone of the polymer.



Acknowledgements



Prof. Hans-Wolfgang Spiess
Dr. Robert Graf

Polyelectrolyte Multi-Layers :

Dr. Mark McCormick
Prof. Linda Reven, McGill University, Toronto, Canada.
Rashida Smith, McGill University, Toronto, Canada.

PP-PEO Dynamics:

Michael Neidhöfer
Prof. George Floudas, FORTH, Heraklion, Greece.
Prof. Gerhard Wegner
Dr. Ulrich Lauter

