



Relaxation in Polymers with Conformational Memory

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Relaxation in Polymers with Conformational Memory

Introduction • interactions in solid state NMR

Isotropization in PEMA • 1D and 2D ^{13}C NMR lineshapes, dynamic model for line narrowing, conformational exchange, length scale of isotropization process, sidechain dependence.

M. Wind, R. Graf, L. Brombacher, H.W. Spiess

Acylates vs Methacrylates • Dipolar filter, NOE, sidechain dynamics

Conclusions • Slow processes in amorphous polymers





Important NMR interactions in the solid state:

$$\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{H}_Z + \mathbf{H}_Q + \mathbf{H}_{CS} + \mathbf{H}_D$$

Zeemann Interaction :

$$\mathbf{H}_Z = - \sum_i \gamma_i \underline{\mathbf{B}}_0 \underline{\mathbf{I}}^i$$

Quadrupol Interaction :

$$\mathbf{H}_Q = - \sum_i \frac{eQ}{2I(2I-1)\hbar} \underline{\mathbf{I}}^i \underline{\underline{\mathbf{V}}} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{I}}}^i$$

Electronic Shielding :

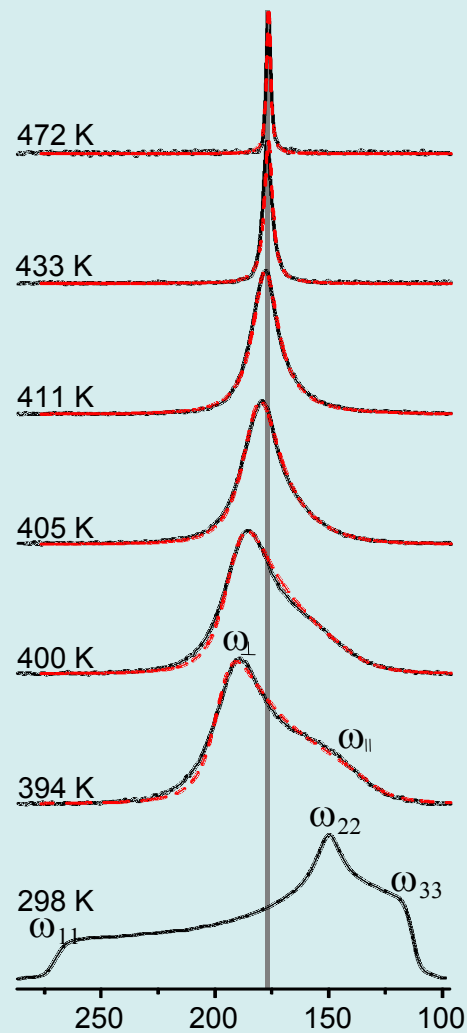
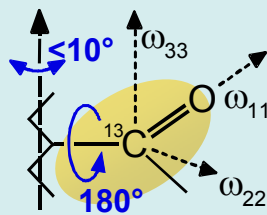
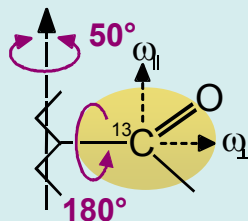
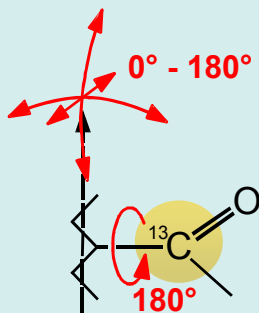
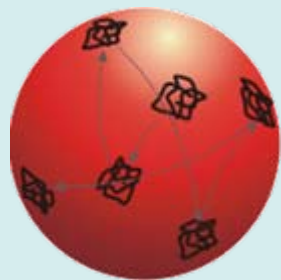
$$\mathbf{H}_{CS} = - \sum_i \gamma_i \underline{\mathbf{B}}_0 \underline{\underline{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{I}}}^i$$

Dipol-Dipol Interaction :

$$\mathbf{H}_D = - \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{\mu_0 \hbar}{4\pi} \frac{\gamma_i \gamma_j}{r^3} \left[\frac{3}{r^2} (\underline{\mathbf{I}}^i \cdot \underline{\mathbf{r}})(\underline{\mathbf{I}}^j \cdot \underline{\mathbf{r}}) - \underline{\mathbf{I}}^i \cdot \underline{\mathbf{I}}^j \right]$$



α -PEMA: Isotropisation of Chain Dynamics



1D ^{13}C NMR: — experiment
 - - - simulation

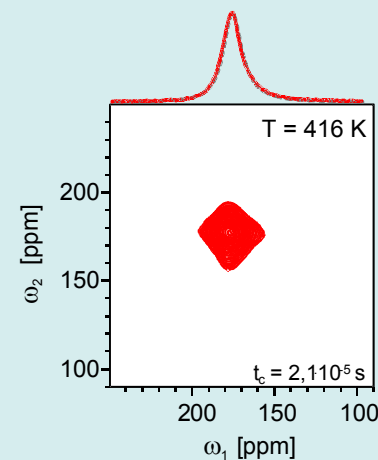
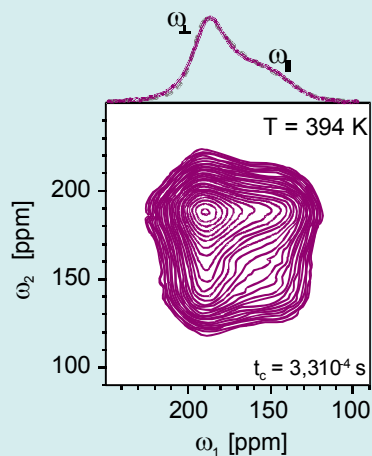
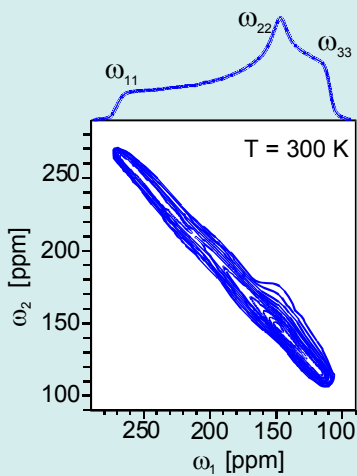
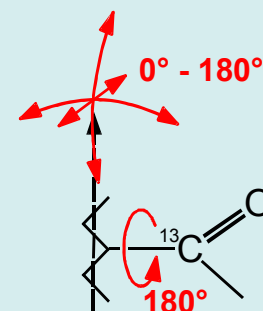
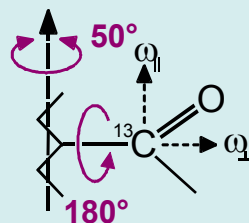
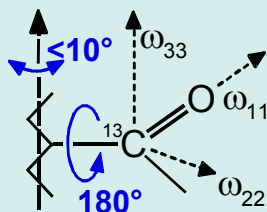
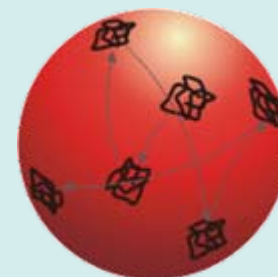
Melt

Melt

Glass



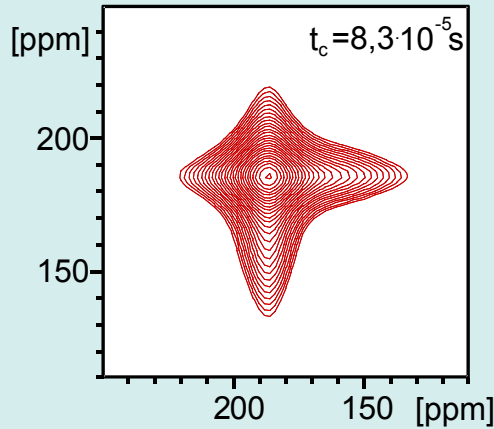
a-PEMA: Isotropisation of Chain Dynamics



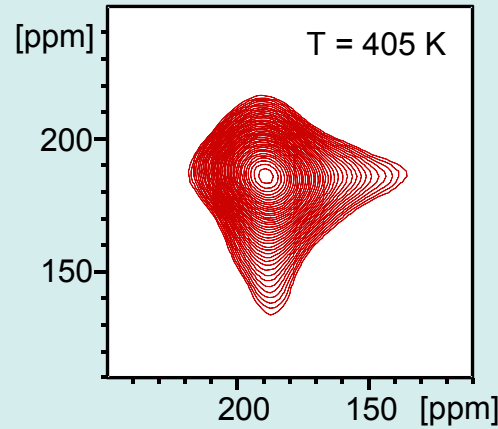
Dynamic Models: Random Jump vs. Rotational Diffusion



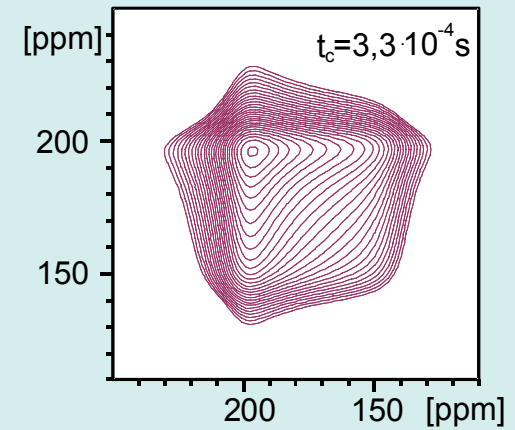
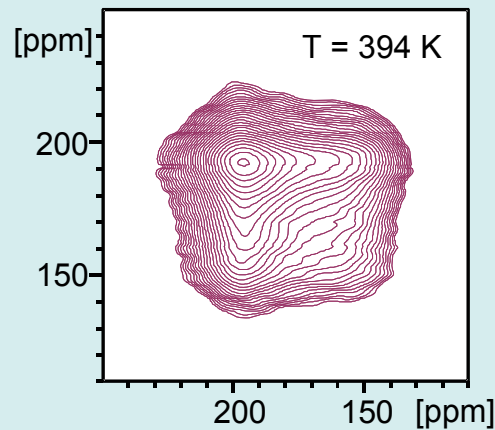
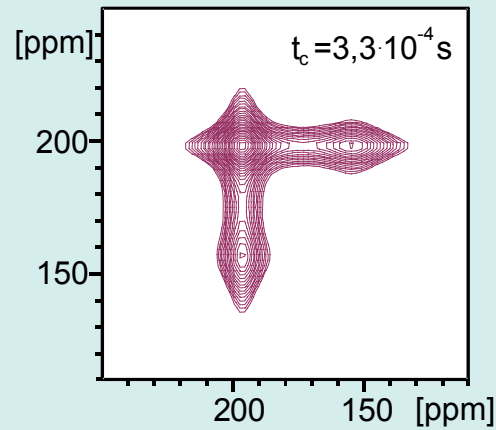
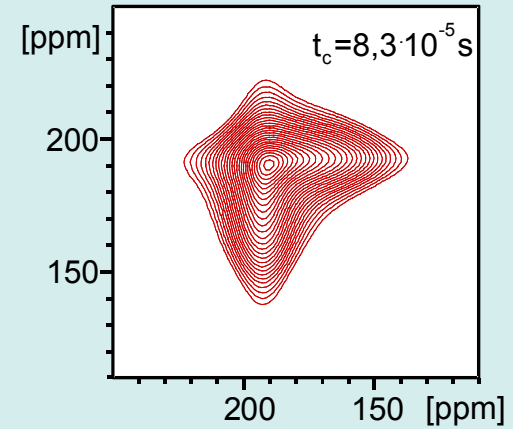
rotational diffusion



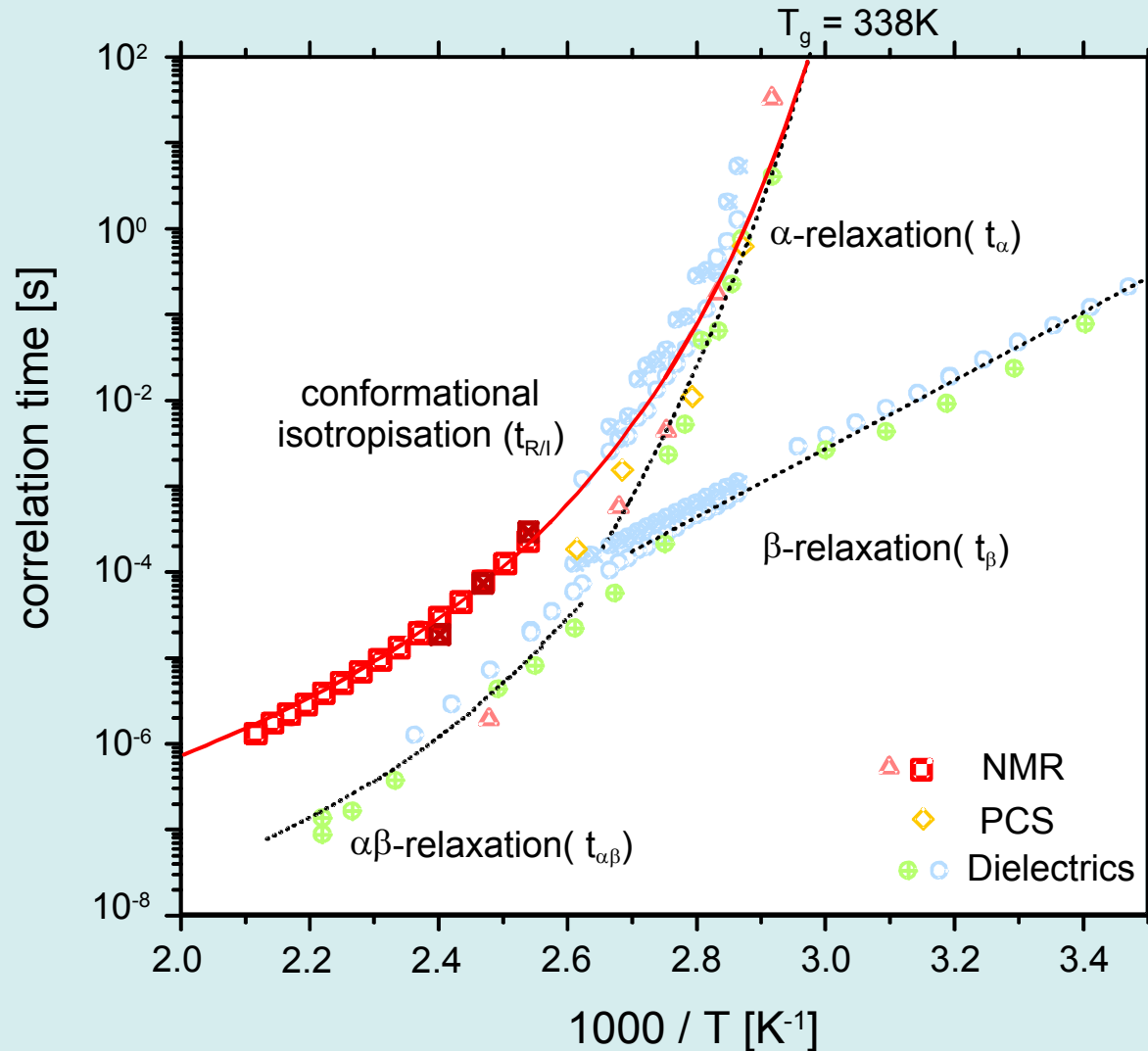
experimental results



random jump



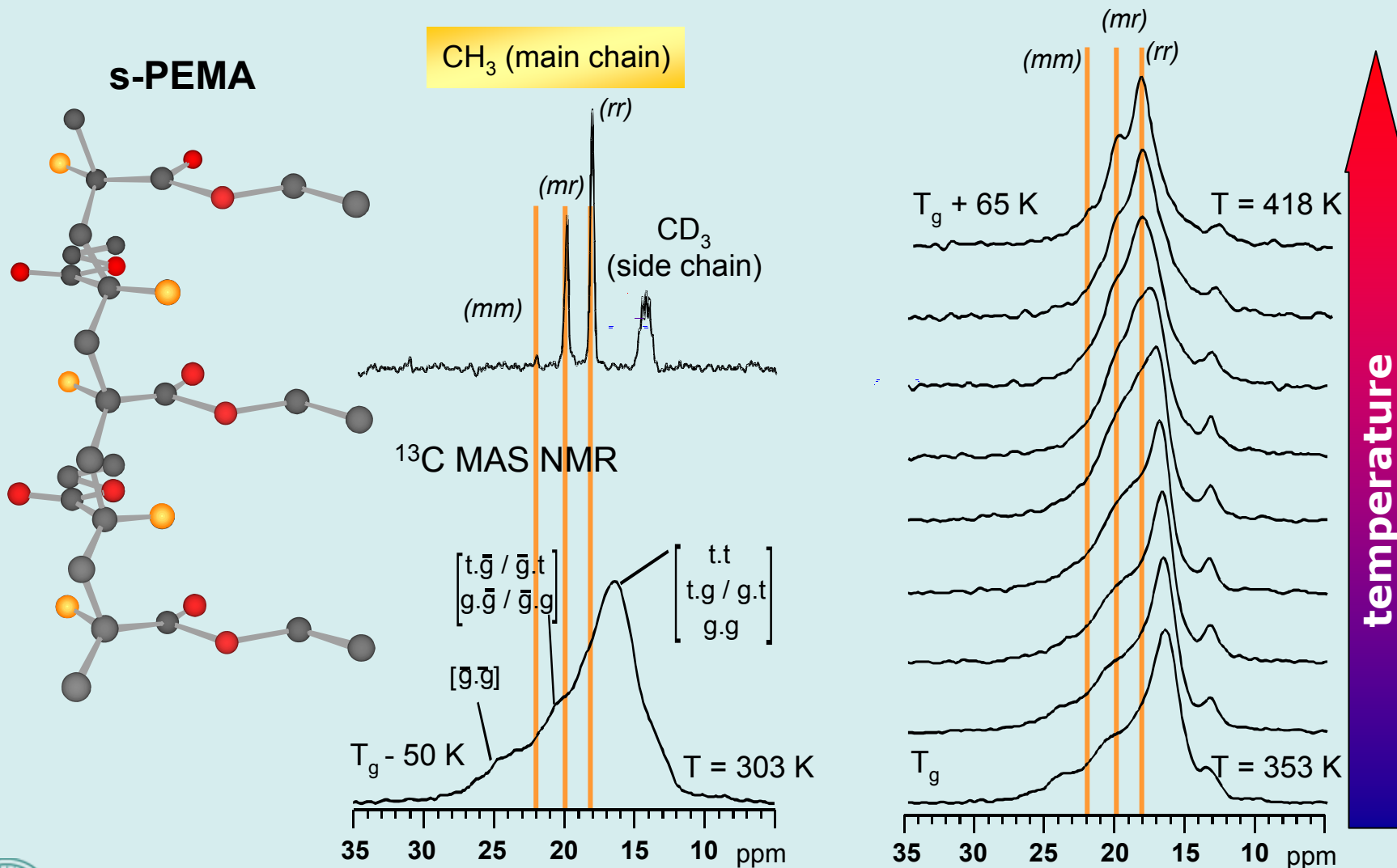
Time Scales of Molecular Dynamics PEMA Melts



Arrhenius-diagram of dynamic processes in PEMA



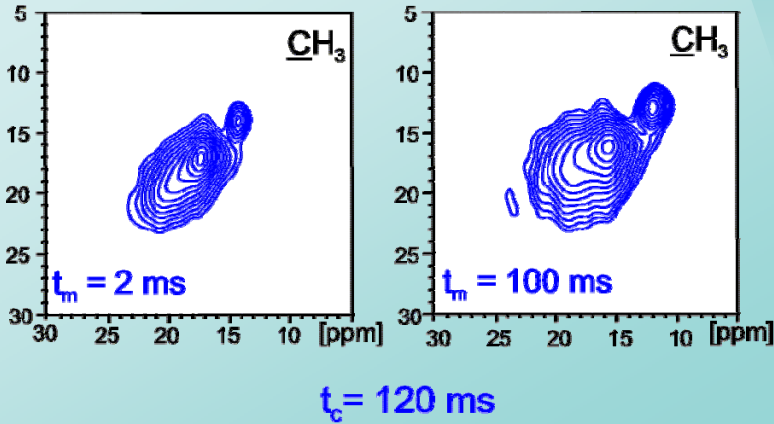
a-PEMA: Conformation and Conformational Dynamics



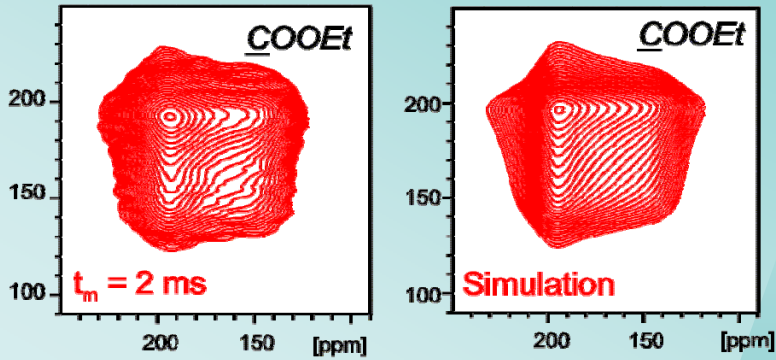
Separation of Dynamic Timescales in PEMA-Melts



Conformational Dynamics from ^{13}C MAS NMR ($T = 385\text{ K}$)

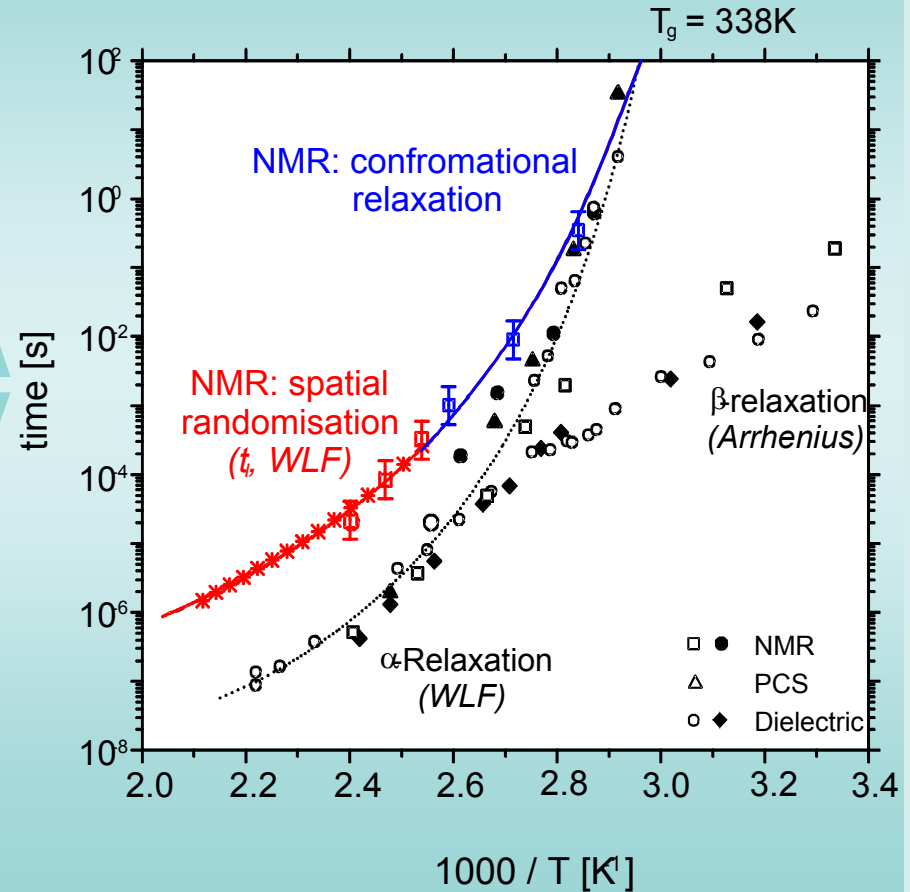


Randomisation from ^{13}C 2D Exchange NMR ($T = 385\text{ K}$)

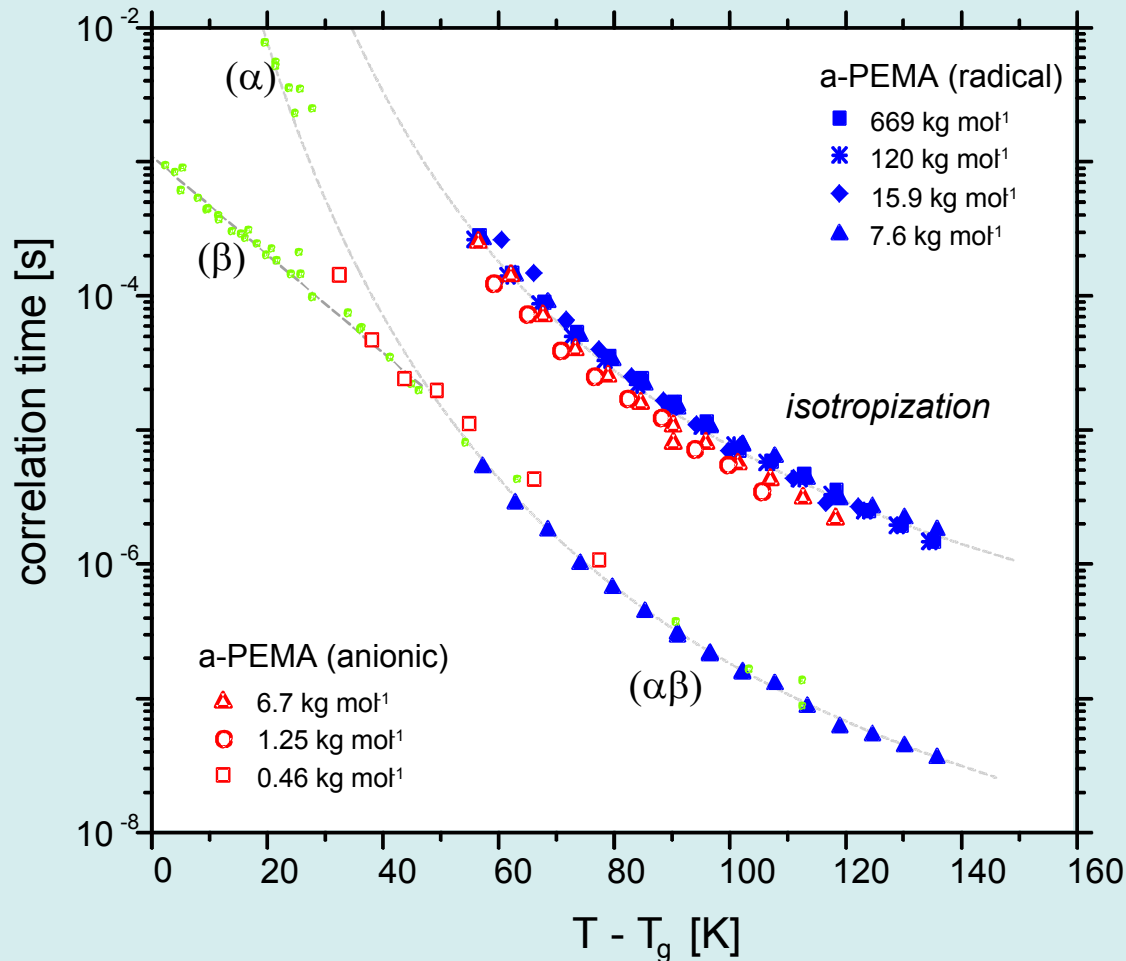


$t_c = 0.33\text{ ms}$

Correlation Times from NMR, PCS, Dielectrics



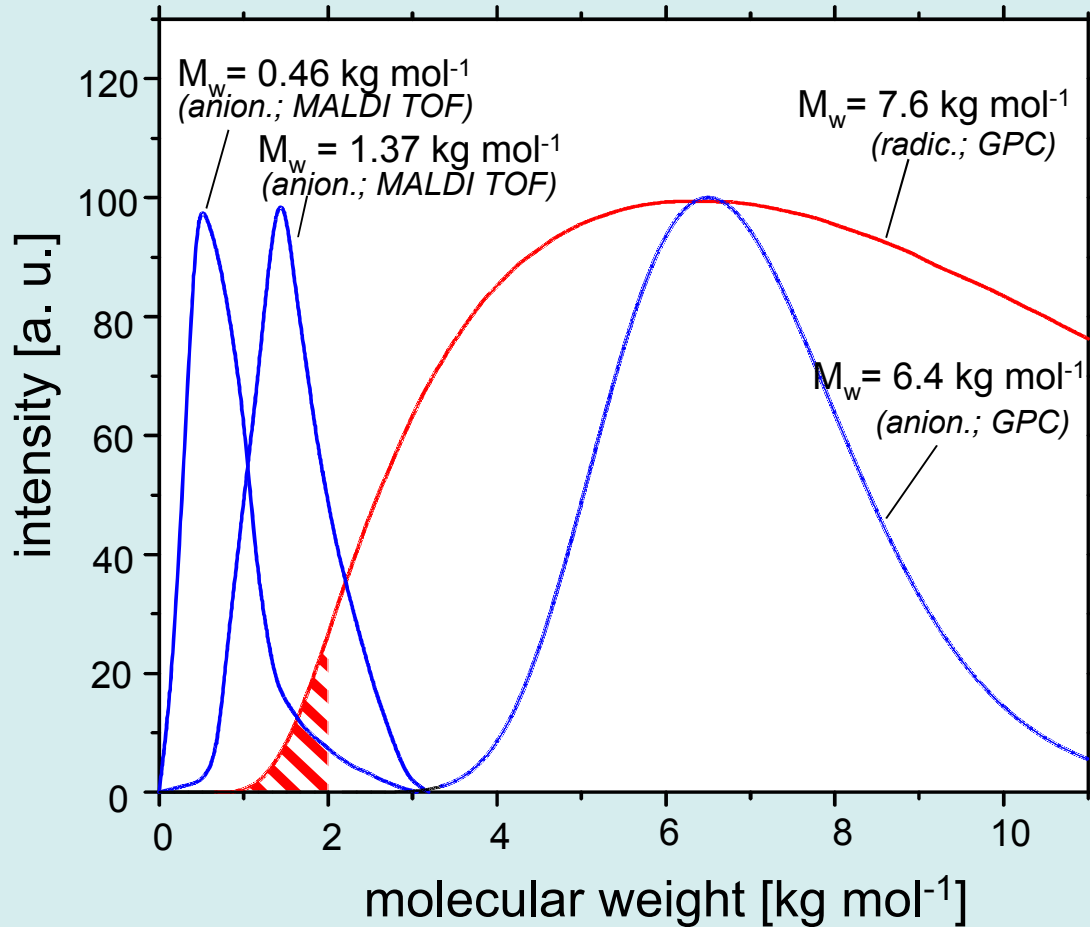
M_w Dependence of the Isotropization Process



The break down of the isotropization process is determined by the polydispersity of the polymers.



Polydispersity of Low Molecular Weight PEMAs

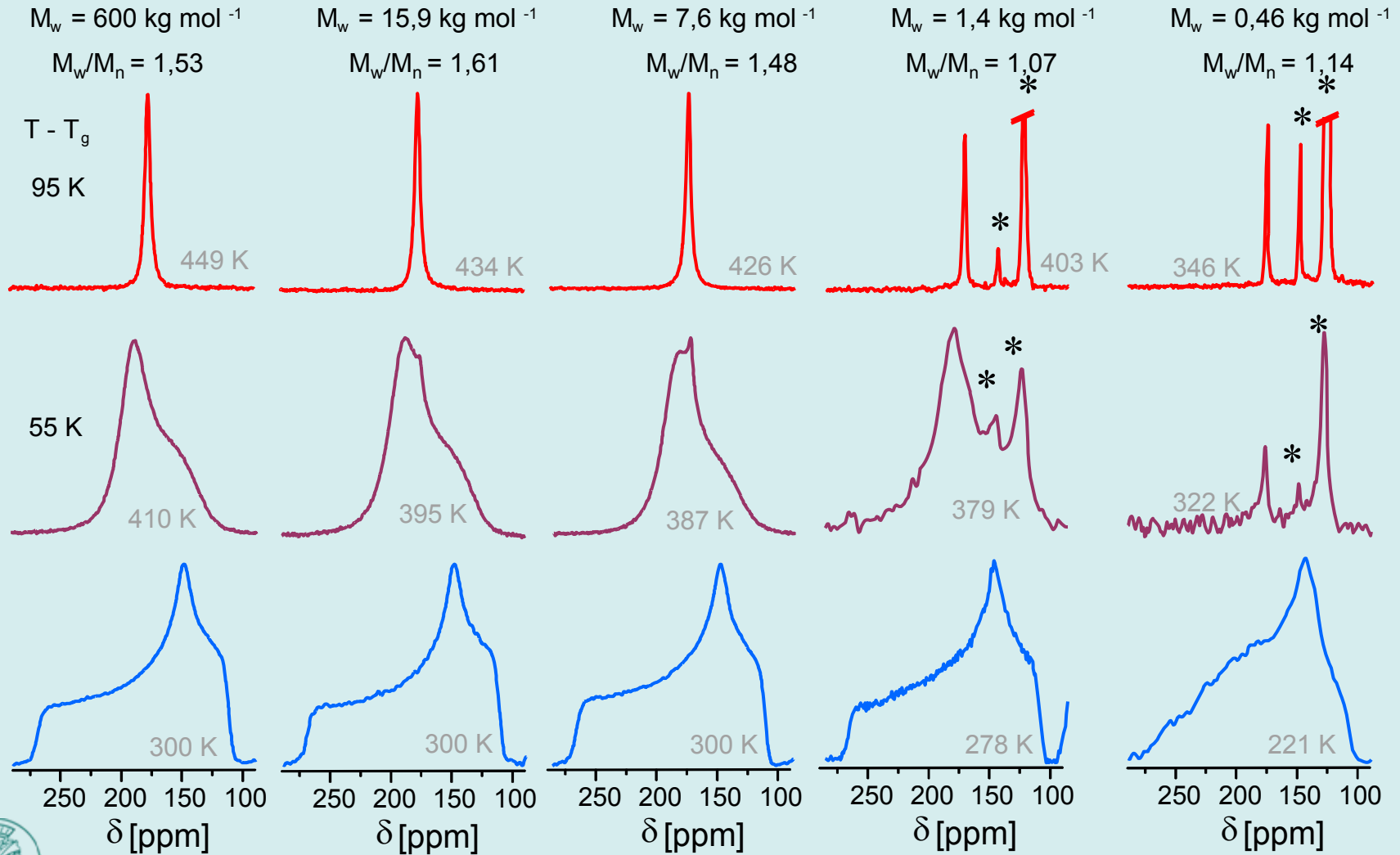


Length Scale of Isotropisation Process



from radicalic polymerisation

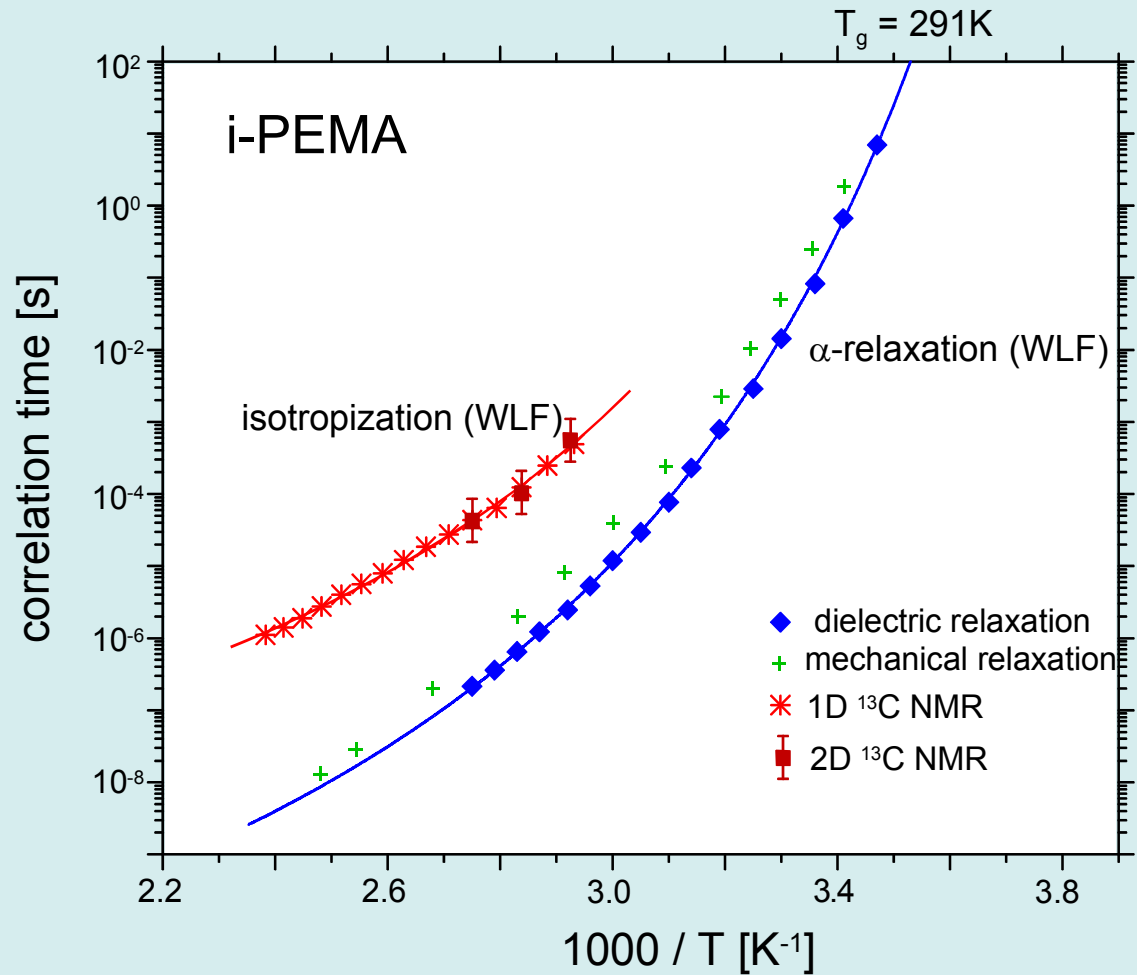
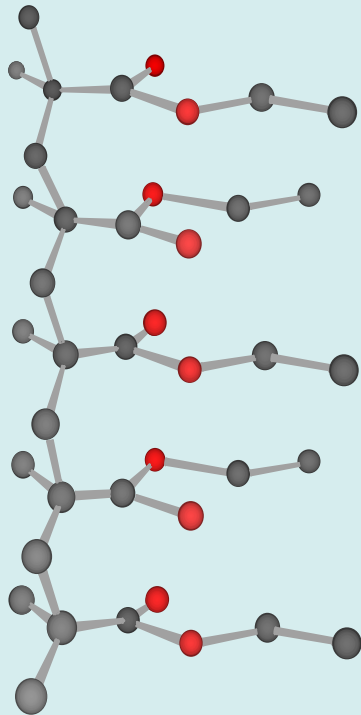
from anionic polymerisation



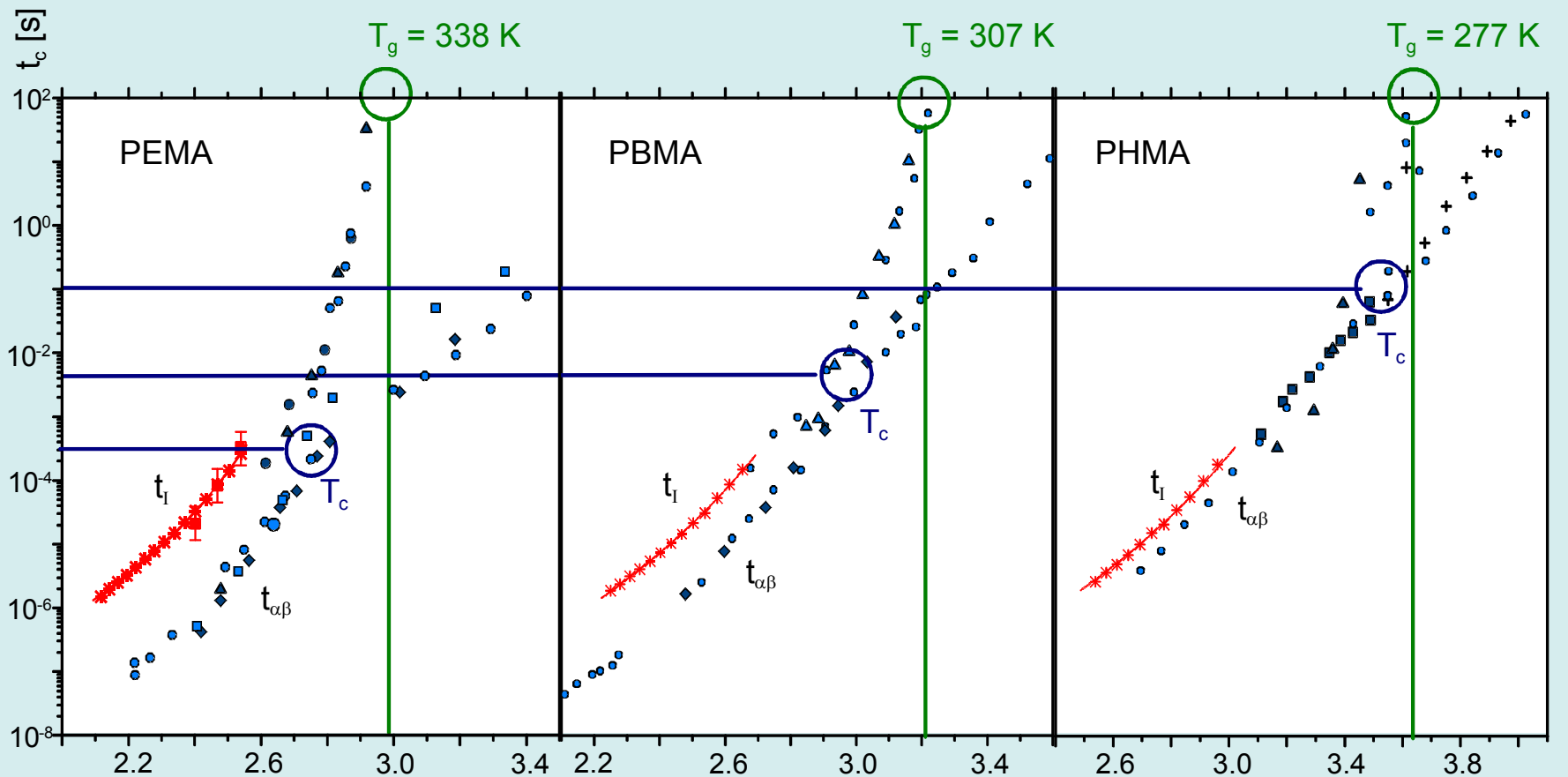
Influence of Tacticity on the Anisotropization of PEMA



isotactic PEMA
(mm = 0.92)



Poly(Methacrylates): Separation of Time Scales of Chain Randomization and α/β -Prozess



increasing separation of t_I and $t_{\alpha\beta}$ $1000 / T$ [K⁻¹]

decreasing T_g (internal plastification)
 β -relaxation with constant activation

T_c at lower temperature T
 and longer t_c





Relaxation in Polymers with Conformational Memory

Introduction • interactions in solid state NMR

Isotropization in PEMA • line narrowing, length scale, sidechain length

Acylates vs Methacrylates • Dipolar filter NMR experiments, NOE polarization transfer, poly(n-alkyl methacrylates), poly(n-alkyl acrylates).

M. Gaborieau, R. Graf, H.W. Spiess

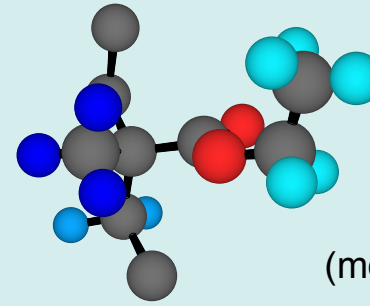
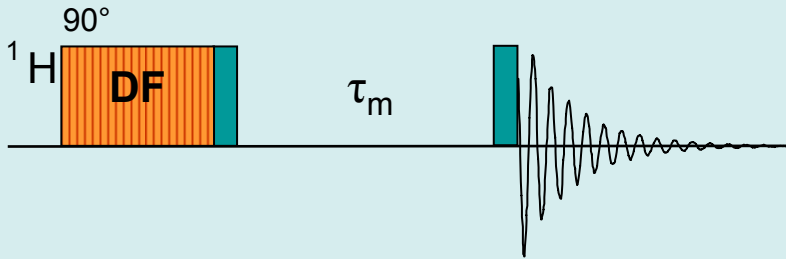
Conclusions • Slow processes in amorphous polymers





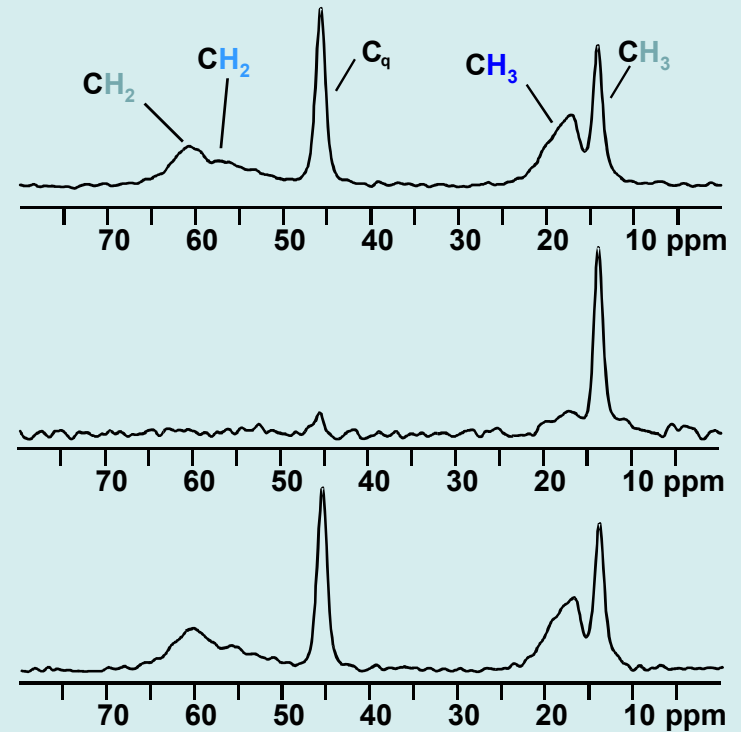
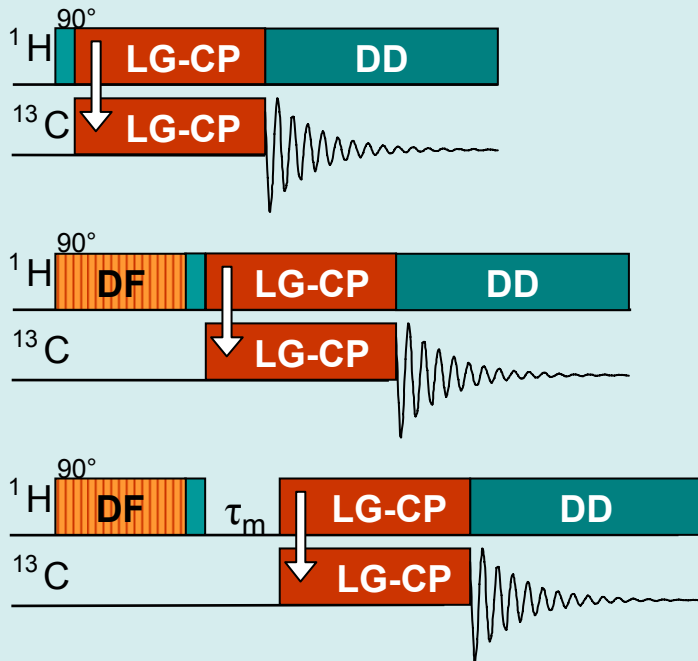
Correlation Times from Dipolar Filter Experiments

Scheme of dipolar filter experiment



PEMA
(monomeric unit)

Probing the selection of the dipolar filter:





Correlation Times from Dipolar Filter Experiments

NOE magnetization decay
in a $\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_3$ moiety:

$$I(\tau_m) = \frac{3}{5} I_0 + \frac{2}{5} I_0 \cdot \exp(-5 \cdot q_{AB} \cdot \tau_C^{AB} \cdot \tau_m)$$

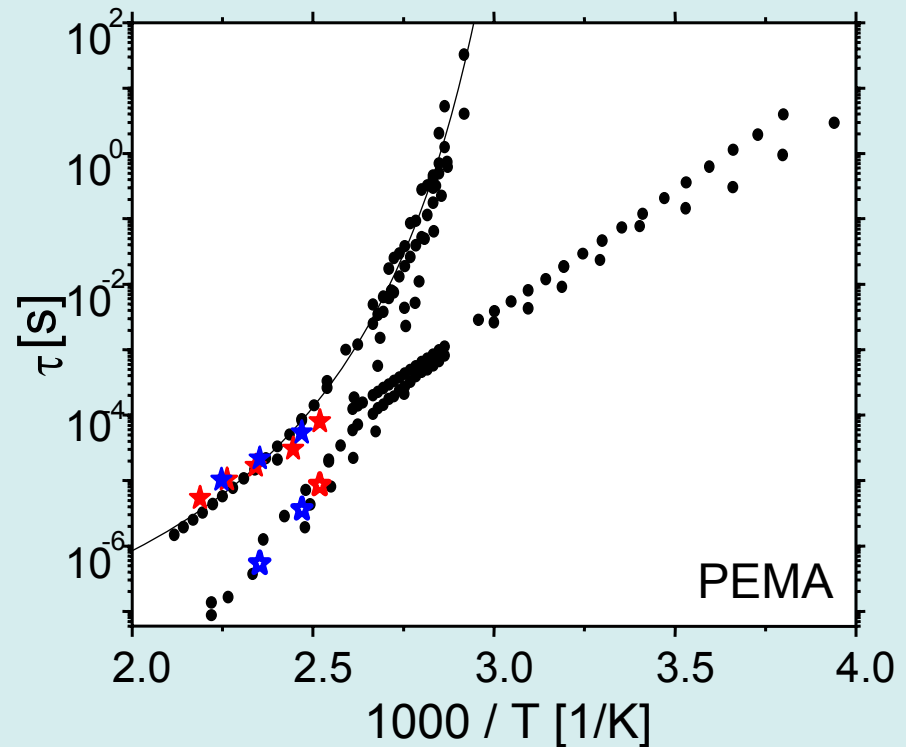
q_{AB} : static dipolar coupling
parameter, determined
via M_2 measurements.

Experimental results in PEMA

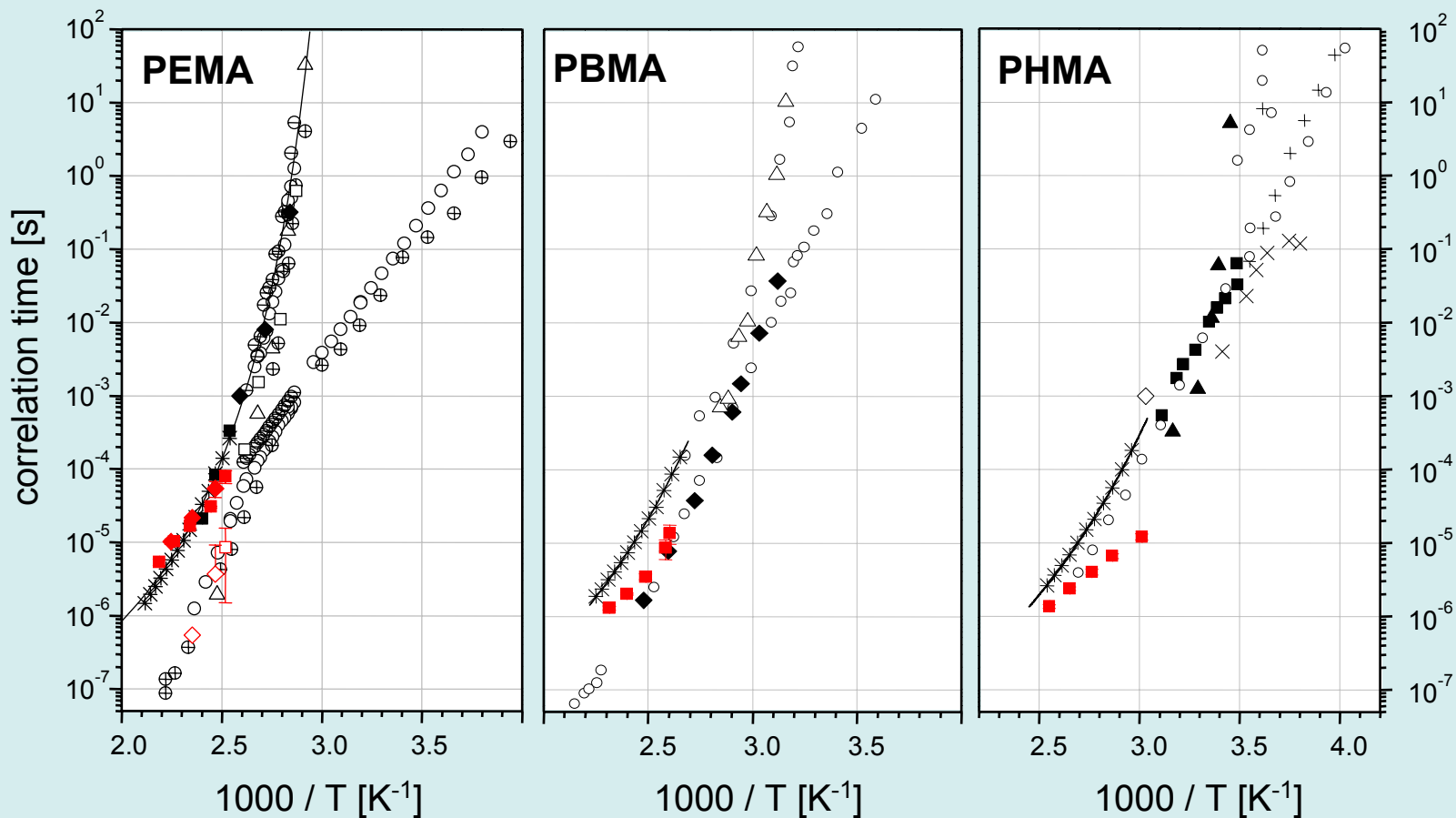
$T > T_g$: pure exponential decay

$T \sim T_g$: biexponential decay

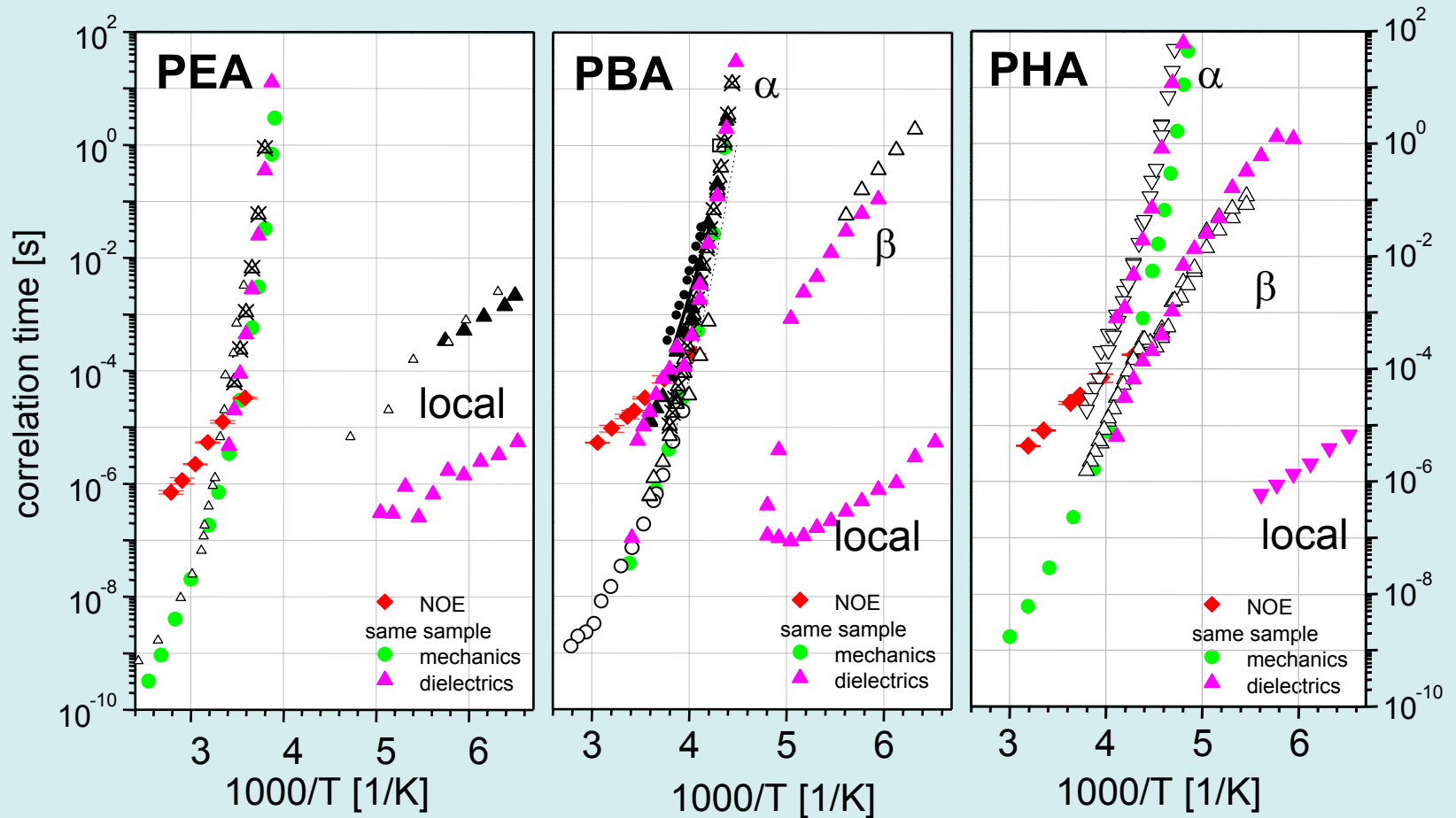
Correlation times from
dipolar filter experiments



NOE Relaxation Times in PnAMA samples



Relaxation Times of Poly(n-alkyl acrylates)



Literature data (dielectrics):

- △ McCrum
- ▲ Gomez,Ribelles
- ⊗ Reissig et al.

- ▲△ Beiner
- Fioretto
- Fitzgerald
- Gomez Ribelles
- Hayakawa
- Jourdan
- ⊗ Reissig
- ▽△ Beiner



Local Dynamics in PnAA from NOE Analysis



apparent activation energies E_a [kJ·mol⁻¹] :

	<i>PEA</i>	<i>PBA</i>	<i>PHA</i>
β relaxation	-	18	ca 15-25
local relaxation	8-14	10	10
slow process (NOE)	18	13	12

Quantified processes in PnAA samples, correspond to a superposition of β - and local processes in the side chain.

Non-isotropic side chain modes indicate organization on time scales significantly longer than the α -process





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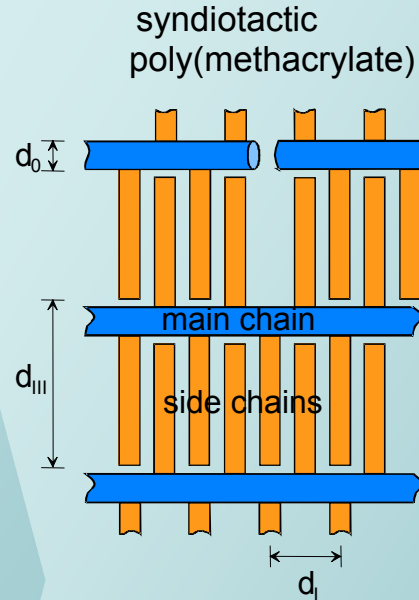
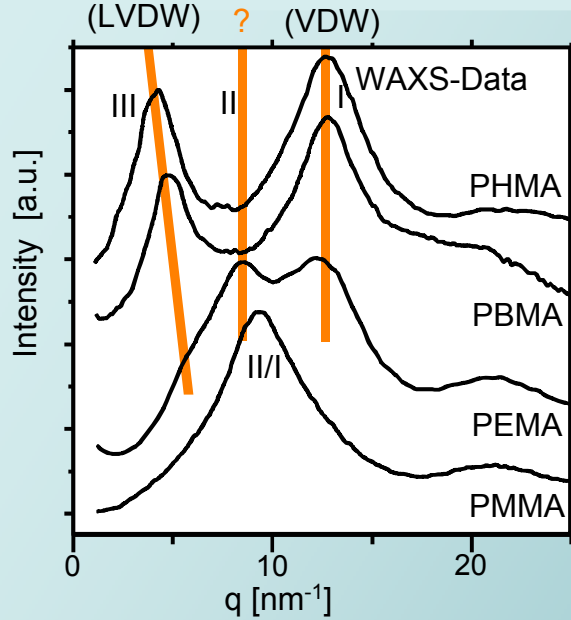
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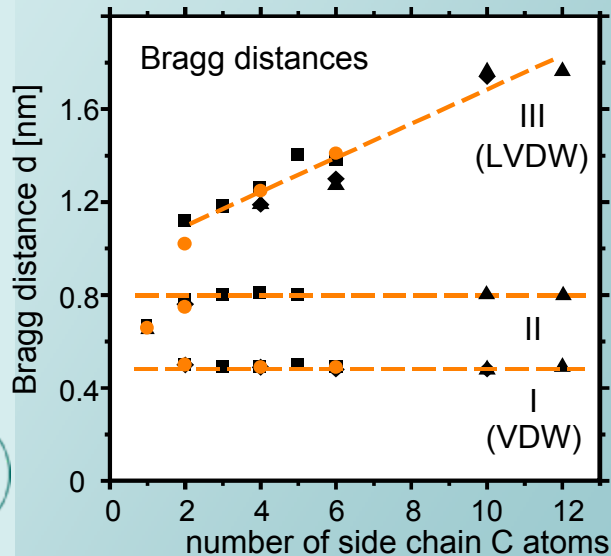
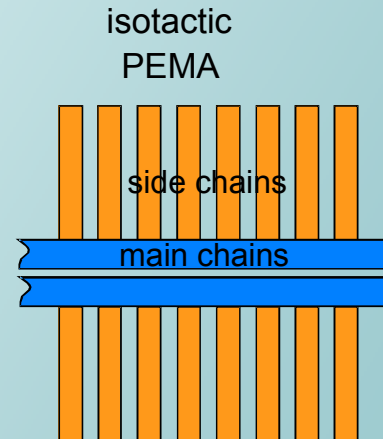
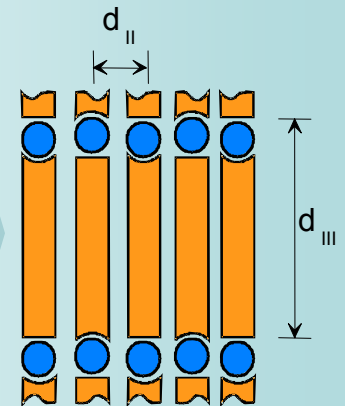
Conclusions • Slow processes in amorphous polymers



Organisation in Poly(Methacrylats): WAXS



extrapolated
lokal struktur:
"Nano Layers"





How Unstructured are Amorphous Polymer Melts? Solid-State NMR Studies of Local Dynamic Order in Amorphous Polymer Melts

Introduction • Interaction in solid state NMR

Solid State NMR • MAS, recoupling, double-quantum NMR

Polymer Dynamics • Reptation-model, polybutadiene, PEMA

Conclusions • How unstructured are amorphous polymers ?



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